

200-Year Flood Protection for Mossdale Tract Area

Advisory Water Commission

May 15, 2024



Overview

- Key Points
- What is SJAFCA?
- Problem & Solution
- Proposed Property Assessment
- SJAFCA Assessment formation Process & Timeline



Key Outreach Points

- Property owners will decide
- There will be a cost
- Problems are not due to development
- Problems are not unique to Mossdale Tract Area

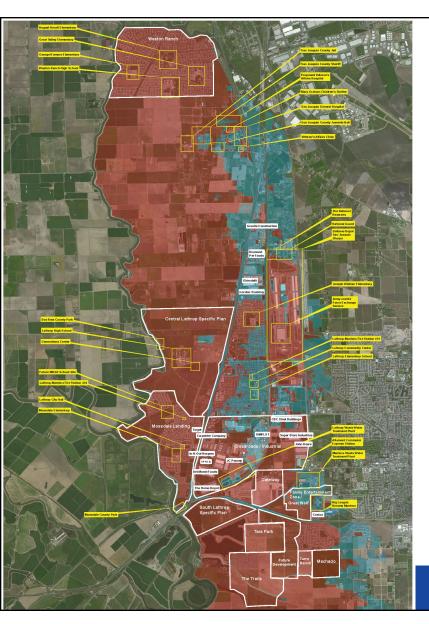


What is SJAFCA?

- Joint Powers Authority (1995)
 - · Stockton, Lathrop, Manteca
 - San Joaquin County
 - San Joaquin County Flood Control & Water Conservation District
- Reduce and manage flood risk
- Plans, finances, and implements flood risk reduction projects and programs
- 9-member Board of Directors







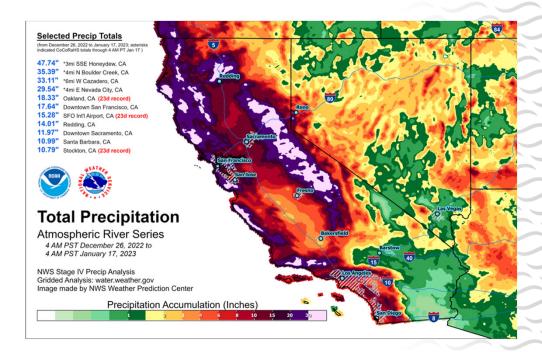
Mossdale Tract Area

- Portions of Stockton, Lathrop and Manteca
- More than 55,000 residents
- 22K properties (20K residential)
- 32 schools
- Hospital & medical centers
- Fire, police stations
- Manteca Wastewater Treatment Plant
- Correctional Facilities
- I-5 and Hwy 120



Challenges

- State/federal regulations for flood protection are becoming stricter
- Weather extremes are unpredictable
- Every major storm event stresses levee system
- Levees are the only/last defense against flooding
- Existing level of flood protection is not adequate

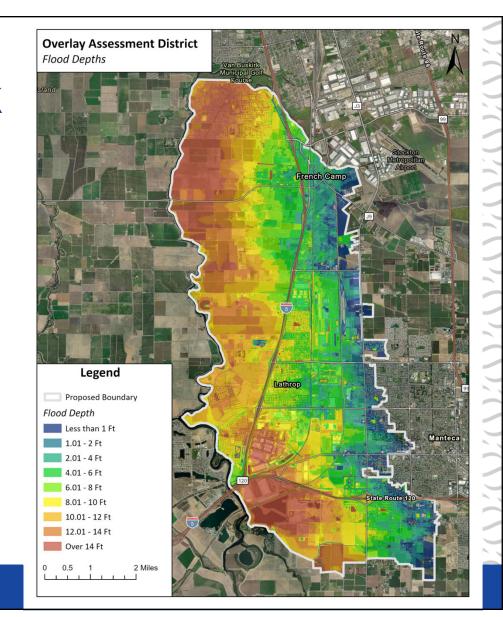




Increasing Flood Risk

According to CA DWR:

- 3x more flood flows in SJ River
- Additional 5' of water at French Camp Slough
- Estimated Annualized Damages = \$47M/year
- Life loss



Problems to Avoid

- Physical damages from flooding
 - San Joaquin River
 - Tributaries (e.g. French Camp Slough)
- Economic impacts from failure to meet state/federal regulations
 - No allowance for changes in existing development footprint
 - Risk of FEMA remapping, mandatory flood insurance



Cost of Flood Damage

Depth	Cost
1 inch	\$10,819
6 inches	\$21,161
1 foot	\$29,360
2 feet	\$36,360
3 feet	\$39,831
4 feet	\$43,400

Source: FEMA, based on 1,000 SF home





Cost for Flood Insurance

FEMA Special Flood Hazard Areas

- Mandatory insurance for properties with mortgages/loans
- ✓ Costs increase 18% per year
- ✓ Won't fully cover damages
- ✓ Slow payment of claims

Zip Code	Average Average Risk- de Current Based Premium Premium		Difference	
95203	\$ 959.13	\$1,736.52	+ \$777.39	
95204	\$1,048.75	\$1,655.84	+ \$607.10	

Source: 2022 FEMA Risk Rating 2.0: Projected RENEWAL Premium Changes by Zip Code



Cost to the Economy









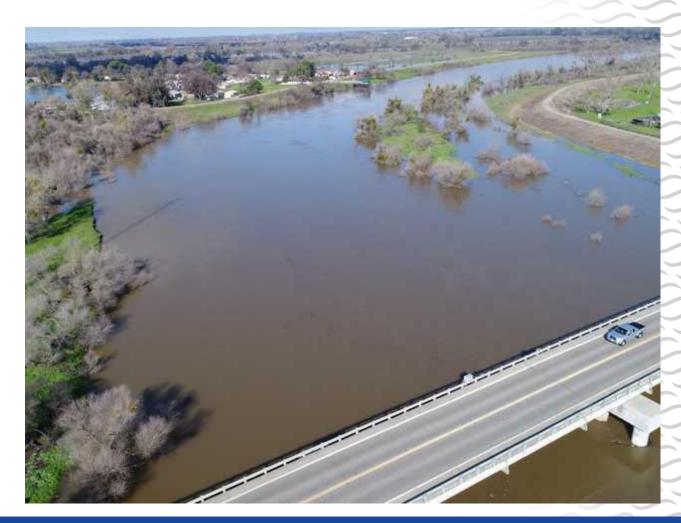






How do we protect lives, property & economy?

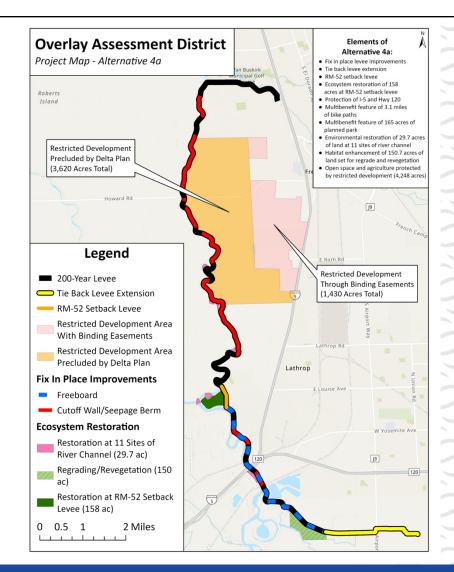
- Improve levees to provide 200-Year Flood Protection
- Maintain levees to State & Federal standards





200-Year Levee Improvement Project

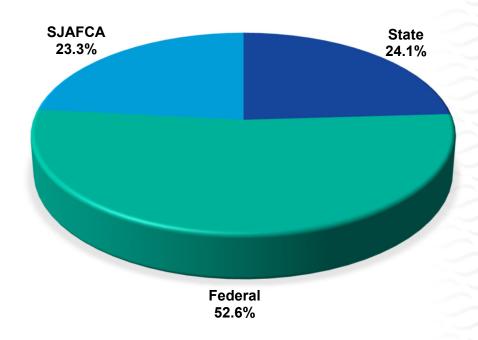
- \$472.9 million over 10-Years
- Levees along San Joaquin River
 & tributaries, extension of
 Manteca dryland levee
- Project includes:
 - Levee raises
 - Cutoff Walls
 - Seepage berms
 - Erosion protection
 - Extension of dryland levee





Mossdale Tract Urban Flood Risk Reduction Project - Cost Share

State/Federal = \$362.6 million Local = \$110.3 million



Based on updated cost estimate prepared by LWA for SJAFCA's 2023 Annual Adequate Progress Report

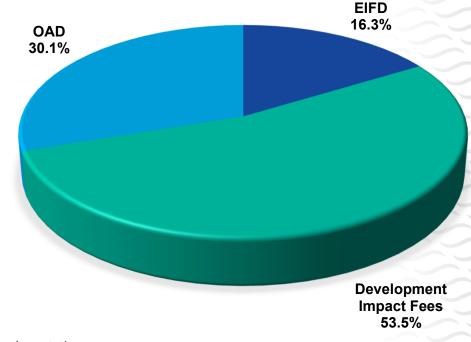


Mossdale Tract Urban Flood Risk Reduction Project - Local Funding

Total Local Funding = \$132.5 Million

- Development Impact Fees = \$70.9 Million
- Enhanced Infrastructure Financing District = \$21.7 Million
- Overlay Assessment = \$39.9 Million*

 Local Funding sources used to pay early planning a design costs (\$11.5 million) as well as cash flow / finance the project



*OAD reflects annual revenues and bond financing net of debt service during project implementation.



Proposed Assessment

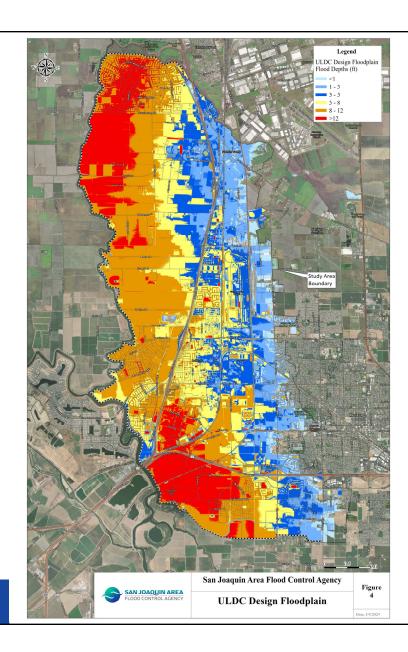
- \$2.6M per year for local cost share (2024/25 budget)
 - Subject to escalation, limited to CPI with 4% cap (requires annual approval of Board)
 - Sunsets 30 years from the issuance of bonds (late 2025/early 2026)
- Properties can only be assessed for benefit received
 - Avoided flood damages to land, structures and contents
 - Assessment revenues may not be used for any purpose other than levee improvements and maintenance of the improvements

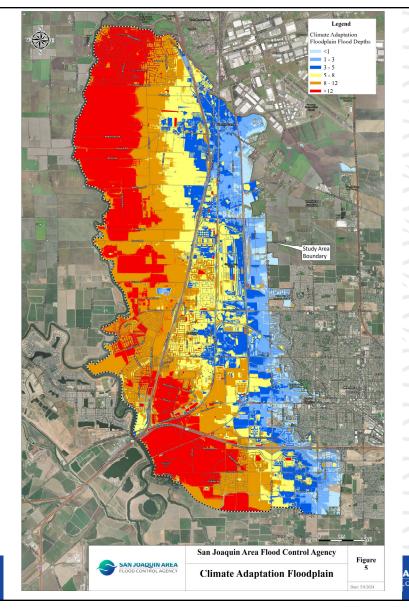


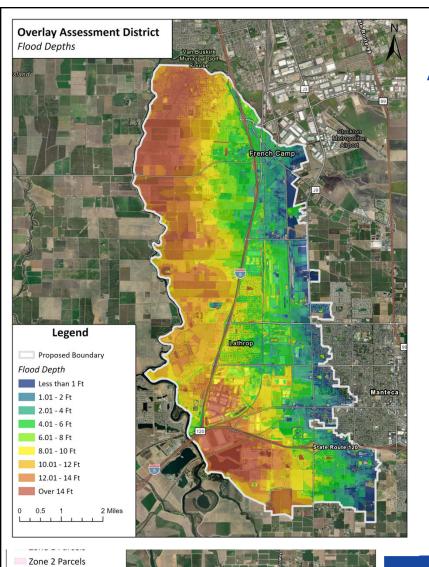
Assessment District Boundary

- Two separate hydrologic models used to establish boundary
 - Urban Level Design Criteria 202,925 cubic feet/second at Vernalis (2.1x greater than today)
 - Climate Adaptation 310,064 cubic feet/second at Vernalis (3.2x greater than today)
- Provides appropriate factor of safety to account for climate change uncertainty
- Both based on DWR's climate change analysis
- All properties touched by water in one or both models were included in the boundary









Assessment Methodology

Every property's assessment differs based on property characteristics:

- Location of property
- Land use type
- Structure type and size
- Parcel size (acres)
- Flood depth

19

Takes into consideration scope of improvements benefiting properties.

- Green (structure, contents & land)
- Pink (land only)



Example Assessments – Single Family Home

Example Property

- Single Family 1-Story Home
- 1,800 Sq Ft.
- .179 acres

	Range 1	Range 3	Range 4	Range 5	Range 9
	Less than or equal to 1 ft	2.01 to 4 ft	4.01 to 6 ft	6.01 to 8 ft	Over 14.01 ft
Zone 1 Assessments	\$20.04	\$50.32	\$62.14	\$70.46	\$83.44

Zone 2 Assessment \$10.52



Assessment Weight by Land Use

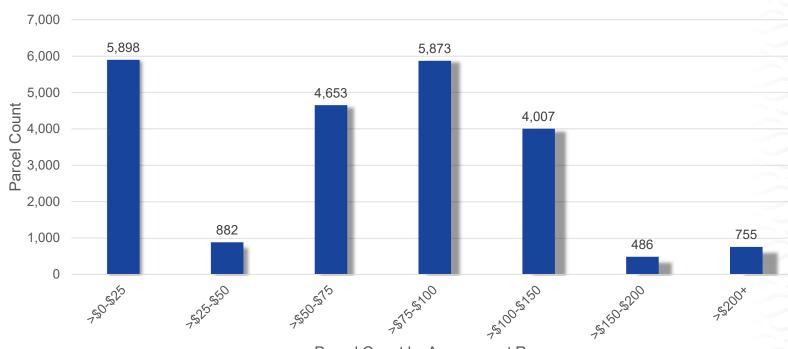
Land Use Category	Daysol Count	Proposed Assessment Rates / Parcel		Proposed FY 2024/25	Share of Total
	Parcel Count	Average	90th Percentile	Assessment	Assessment
Single Family Residential	18,285	\$78	\$124	\$1,420,403	54.4%
Industrial	244	\$1,899	\$6,563	\$463,382	17.8%
Planned Commercial	86	\$2,736	\$4,444	\$235,334	9.0%
Commercial	227	\$896	\$2,322	\$203,330	7.8%
Vacant	3,209	\$39	\$39	\$125,220	4.8%
Public	69	\$1,634	\$8,464	\$112,753	4.3%
Planned Residential	91	\$194	\$617	\$17,691	0.7%
Multifamily Residential	86	\$131	\$300	\$11,255	0.4%
Agricultural	139	\$70	\$103	\$9,789	0.4%
Mobile Homes	32	\$173	\$590	\$5,550	0.2%
Planned Industrial	86	\$50	\$155	\$4,305	0.2%
Total	22,554	\$116		\$2,609,012	100.0%



Assessment Ranges (All Land Use)

94% will pay less than \$12.50 per month (\$150/year)

All Land Uses - Parcel Counts OAD Assessment Rates

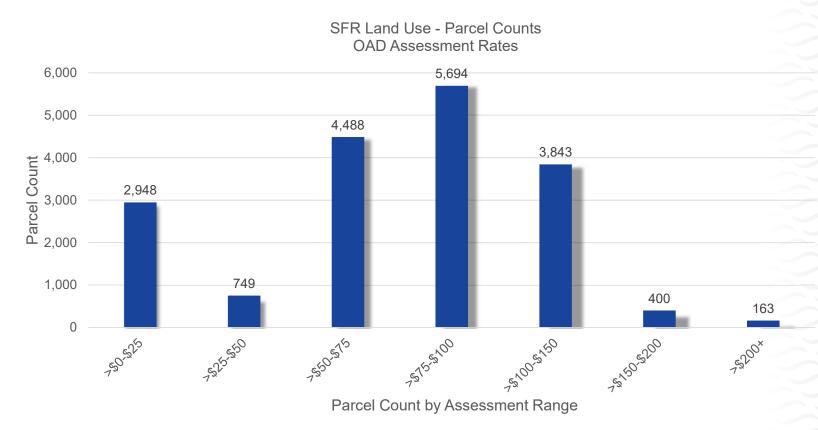


Parcel Count by Assessment Range



Assessment Ranges (Single-Family)

97% will pay less than \$12.50 per month (\$150/year)





Assessment Formation Process

June 18th SJAFCA Board Action

Adopted of two resolutions:

- Resolution of Intention (ROI)
 Initiated proceedings to form an assessment district and levy assessments
- 2. Resolution adopting Proposition 218 procedures

Adopted policies and procedures related to the formation of the assessment district

Direct Mail Outreach to Date

Newsletter Mailer - 4/19

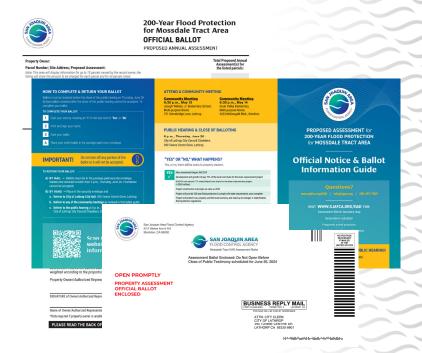
Frequently Asked Questions Mailer – 4/26

Ballots & Notices - 5/3



Prop 218 Process

- Only property owners vote
- Weighted vote (\$1 assessment = 1 vote)
- Ballots mailed to property owners May 4
- Public Hearing at SJAFCA Special Meeting – June 20
- Ballot Tabulation (commencing June 21 until complete)
- SJAFCA Board meeting/Balloting Results
 July 18
- Majority Protest
 - Weight of ballots opposed exceed weight of ballots in favor





Community Meetings

```
6:30 p.m., May 1 – Weston Ranch High School 6:30 p.m., May 2 – Mossdale Elementary School
```

```
6:30 p.m., May 13 – Joseph Widmer Elementary School 6:30 p.m., May 14 – Great Valley Elementary School
```

6:30 p.m., May 15 - Oakwood Shores Club House

Public Hearing: 6 p.m., June 20, Lathrop City Hall



Consequences of Outcome Assessment is Approved

- New assessment begins fall 2024
- SJAFCA can secure \$363M in state/federal funding
- 200-year flood protection reduces risk of flood damages to properties, protects lives
- Communities meet state and federal regulations for flood protection
- Communities avoid being mapped in FEMA Special Flood Hazard Area
- Local economy can adapt to changing needs of residents
 - Redevelopment/improvements to existing properties
 - Commercial, retail development



Consequences of Outcome Assessment is Not Approved

- Loss of \$363M in state/federal funding
- 200-year flood protection project will not be built
- Increased risk of flood damages to properties, and life loss
- Risk of future FEMA remapping & mandatory flood insurance
- Failure to meet state regulations for 200-year flood protection
 - No growth or flexibility in the local economy
 - Community will not be allowed to adapt to the changing needs of residents
 - No redevelopment of and/or substantial improvements to existing properties
 - No new development, including retail and commercial
 - Plans for community amenities like grocery stores, retail outlets, restaurants, and other conveniences – will be cancelled
 - Existing commercial and retail properties cannot be redeveloped if businesses quit or leave



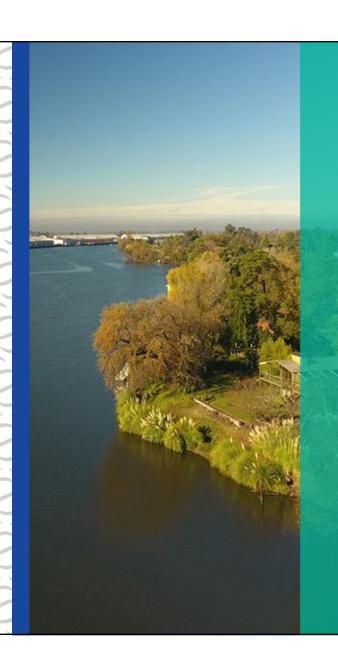
More Information

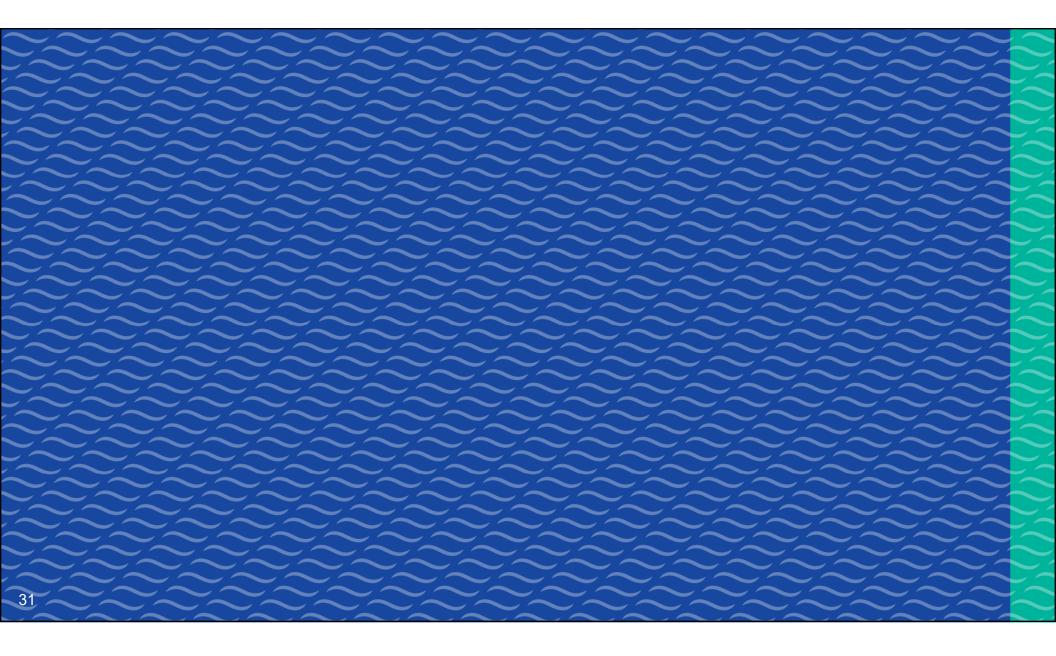
- Hotline: (209) 475-7009
- Email: info@sjafca.com
- www.sjafca.org/OAD
 - Frequently Asked Questions
 - Boundary maps
 - Preliminary Engineer's Report
 - Assessment calculator



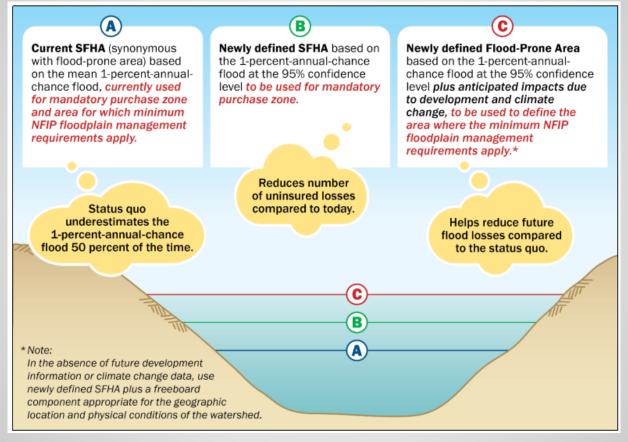


Questions & Discussion





Changes to FEMA Floodplains





Threats to Levee Stability

